1. Compute the derivative of the given function.
a. $f(t)=\frac{2}{\sqrt{t}}$
b. $g(x)=x^{2}\left(\frac{x^{2}}{2}+x+1\right)$
c. $h(u)=\frac{1-u}{1+u}$
2. Use the definition of derivative to find the derivative of the given function.
a. $f(x)=x+1$
b. $g(t)=t^{3}$
3. Compute the second derivative of the given function.
a. $f(x)=a x^{2}+b x+c$
b. $g(t)=\frac{1}{t}$

Bonus problem. Find numbers $a, b$, and $c$ such that the graph of the function $f(x)=$ $a x^{2}+b x+c$ will have $x$-intercepts at $(0,0)$ and $(5,0)$, and a tangent with slope 1 when $x=2$.

