1. (10 pts) (a) Find the equation of the plane that contains the points $(1,0,0),(0,1,0)$ and $(1,1,-1)$. (b) Find the intersection of the plane with the $z$-axis.
2. (10 pts) Classify the quadratic form

$$
Q(x, y)=-2 x^{2}+4 x y-6 y^{2}
$$

as definite, indefinite, or semidefinite.

Bonus. (5 pts) Let $Q(x, y)$ be as above. Rewrite $Q(x, y)$ in terms of polar coordinates (i.e. $r$ and $\theta$ ), and simplify the expression as much as possible.

